**DUNDALK INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**

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**Alpha Release Technical Documentation On**

**AEROSENSE – SMART HUB FOR AIR QUALITY MONITORING**

Project Carried Out

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**EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The Alpha release of the Aerosense project represents a key phase in the development of our Smart Indoor Air Quality Hub. This initial release is a comprehensive prototype that demonstrates the capability of our system to assist individuals with asthma in monitoring the air quality within indoor environments.

Our system's architecture is detailed through clear diagrams that illustrate the interactions between the IoT components, the cloud-based web server, and the user interface. These diagrams serve to clarify the flow of data and the security measures in place to protect it.

The prototype, hosted on an AWS cloud server, showcases the core functionalities that will be present in the final product. It includes a working model of the IoT hardware, the software on the web server, and the database that stores and processes the gathered data. The use of PubNub ensures secure and efficient communication between the IoT devices and the web server.

We have taken significant steps to secure the application, with particular attention to the protection of data while it is stored and as it moves through the system. The security protocols we have implemented are critical in maintaining the privacy and integrity of user data.

The documentation for the Alpha release reflects the steps to creating a user-friendly and secure system. It outlines our approach to addressing the needs of asthma patients by providing them with actionable insights into their indoor air quality.

In summary, the Alpha release documentation shows the need of the Aerosense project and sets a clear direction for future development. It shows the first step to delivering a product that is of value to users, particularly those managing asthma in their daily lives.

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## **GLOSSARY**

* **Aerosense**: A project aimed at developing a portable device (Smart Indoor Air Quality Hub) for monitoring indoor air quality, particularly beneficial for individuals with asthma.
* **Smart Indoor Air Quality Hub**: A portable device designed to provide real-time data and insights about indoor air quality, helping individuals, especially those with asthma, to understand and manage their environment better.
* **Raspberry Pi**: A small, affordable computer used for various digital projects, here employed as a data collection and processing unit for the Aerosense system.
* **PubNub**: A cloud-based service that provides real-time data streaming and messaging solutions, used in Aerosense for real-time communication between the device and the server.
* **AWS (Amazon Web Services)**: A comprehensive and widely adopted cloud platform that offers various services such as computing power, database storage, and content delivery. In Aerosense, it's used for data processing and storage.
* **Alpha Prototype**: An early version of a product that is functional enough to demonstrate the concept and design but may not have all the final features and polish of the final product.
* **Cloud Server**: Remote servers accessed over the internet used to store, manage, and process data, as opposed to a local server or personal computer.
* **User Interaction**: The process and experience of a person engaging with the Aerosense system, particularly through its mobile application.
* **Sensor Data Acquisition**: The process of collecting data from various sensors (like those measuring air quality) used in the Aerosense system.
* **Raspberry Pi**: A small, affordable computer used for various programming and electronics projects. In Aerosense, it serves as the central unit for collecting sensor data.
* **PMS7003 Particle Sensor**: A sensor that measures particulate matter (PM) in the air. It's crucial for providing data on air quality, especially for asthma patients.
* **BME680 Environmental Sensor**: This sensor provides a range of environmental data, including temperature, humidity, and volatile organic compounds (VOCs), which are chemicals that can affect air quality.
* **Grove Air 530 GPS Sensor**: A sensor used for determining geographical location, enabling the Aerosense system to tag air quality readings with specific locations.
* **PubNub**: A cloud-based service that provides real-time data communication between devices and servers. It's used in Aerosense for transmitting sensor data from the Raspberry Pi to the cloud server.
* **PubNub Access Keys**: Unique identifiers used for secure access to PubNub's publish and subscribe channels, ensuring that only authorized devices and servers can communicate through the platform.
* **AWS Cloud**: Amazon Web Services Cloud, a cloud computing platform that hosts the server for the Aerosense system. It's responsible for data processing and storage.
* **AES-256 Encryption**: A method of encrypting data to protect it from unauthorized access. It's used in Aerosense to secure data at rest in the database.
* **TLS Protocol**: Transport Layer Security protocol, a method for encrypting data during transmission to prevent interception by unauthorized parties. Used in Aerosense for secure data transfer.
* **Firebase Authentication**: A Google service that provides user authentication for applications. In Aerosense, it manages user login processes and secures access to user data.
* **Google OAuth**: An authentication method provided by Google that allows users to log in to applications securely using their Google account.
* **Mobile Application**: The user interface of the Aerosense system, available on smartphones. It displays air quality data and allows users to interact with the system.
* **Community Data Sharing**: A feature in Aerosense where users can share anonymized environmental data to contribute to broader air quality studies.
* **GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation):** A regulation in EU law on data protection and privacy. In Aerosense, it's referenced to highlight the system's compliance with data privacy laws.

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## **1. INTRODUCTION**

The Aerosense project is an initiative designed to offer an innovative solution to air quality monitoring, specifically addressing the needs of individuals with asthma. The project aims to develop a portable "Smart Indoor Air Quality Hub" that provides real-time insights into indoor air quality, which is crucial for people who suffer from respiratory conditions.

This documentation outlines the development process, architecture, and functionalities of the Aerosense system. It details the collaborative effort put forth to design a system that combines sensor data acquisition, cloud-based processing, and user interaction through a mobile application.

Our goal is to create a system that is user-friendly, aligning with our educational objectives and the practical needs of asthma patients. The project leverages the capabilities of the Raspberry Pi as a data collection point, PubNub for real-time communication, and AWS cloud services for data processing and storage.

The other sections will provide an overview of the system architecture, describe the alpha prototype, discuss security measures, demonstrate the deployment on a cloud server.

As the developers of Aerosense, we have committed ourselves to a practical and simplified approach, ensuring that the end product is not only functional but also accessible to our target users. We believe that the integration of real-time environmental data with health management tools can significantly improve the daily lives of asthma patients, and this belief has been the driving force behind our project as well as the academic part.

## **2. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE**

A diagram of a cloud computing system

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Diagram 1: System Architecture Diagram of Aerosense Application

### **Overview**

The Aerosense project's system architecture is a comprehensive framework designed to monitor and analyse air quality, tailored specifically for asthma patients. This architecture integrates various technologies including Internet of Things (IoT) devices, cloud computing, real-time data communication, and a mobile application interface.

### **IoT Elements**

The core of the Aerosense system is based around a Raspberry Pi, which acts as the central data collection unit. Attached to the Pi are three crucial sensors:

1. **PMS7003 Particle Sensor**: This sensor is responsible for measuring particulate matter in the air, providing data on air quality that is particularly relevant to asthma sufferers.
2. **BME680 Environmental Sensor**: Offers a broader range of environmental readings including temperature, humidity, and volatile organic compounds (VOCs).
3. **Grove Air 530 GPS Sensor**: Used to provide location data, enabling tagged air quality readings, which is essential for mapping and analysing environmental conditions in different areas.

### **Data Communication via PubNub**

Data from these sensors is transmitted using PubNub, a real-time communication platform. The Raspberry Pi publishes the sensor data to a dedicated PubNub channel, which is then subscribed to by the cloud server. This setup ensures the delivery of data from the sensors to the server for processing.

To secure this communication:

* **PubNub Access Keys**: Unique access keys are used for both publishing and subscribing to the data, ensuring that only authorized devices and servers can access the communication channel..

### **Cloud Server and Database**

The server hosted on AWS Cloud forms the backbone of data processing and storage. It subscribes to the PubNub channel to receive sensor data, processes this data according to predefined processing algorithms that will be made by us, and stores it in a secure database. The database maintains records of air quality readings, user profiles, and other relevant data.

For securing data:

* **At Rest**: The database employs encryption mechanisms like AES-256 to secure data at rest.
* **In Transit**: Data transferred between the IoT devices, server, and the mobile application is encrypted using TLS protocols by PubNub, ensuring secure data transmission.

### **Firebase Authentication**

User authentication is managed by Firebase, which integrates Google OAuth for a secure and convenient login process. Firebase provides authentication tokens that are used to verify user identity and secure access to the mobile application and personal data.

### **Mobile Application**

The client-side of the Aerosense system is a mobile application that serves as the user interface. It allows users to view real-time air quality data, receive alerts, and manage their profiles. The app fetches data from the cloud server, user interactions with the app are also sent back to the server for processing and response.

### **Community Data Sharing**

One of the innovative features of Aerosense is its community data sharing aspect. Users can choose to share anonymized environmental data, contributing to a broader understanding of air quality trends. This data is coupled by the server and can be accessed for public awareness purposes.

### **Conclusion**

The Aerosense system architecture has been designed to ensure a flow of data from the sensors to the end-user. Security protocols are in place at every step to protect sensitive information, especially considering the health-related nature of the data (GDPR).

## **CONCLUSION**

## **REFERENCES:**